



请坚信：胜利属于那些辛勤耕耘的人！

2006 年全国著名重点中学领航高考冲刺试卷

英 语 (第九模拟)

【命题报告】 本套试题是根据最新的高考命题改革趋势、认真研究现代的英语考查方式和高考大纲而编写的。试题突出基础、注重交际，强化语境中的英语实际运用能力。本套试题覆盖面广，思路开阔，题材新颖，完形填空更是全卷的亮点，文章体现了较高的生活哲理，希望考生能认真运用之。

本试卷分第 I 卷(选择题)和第 II 卷(非选择题)两部分。满分 150 分。考试时间 120 分钟。

第 I 卷(三部分,共 115 分)

第一部分:听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the woman want to do?

- A. She wants to return the skirt her husband bought.
- B. She wants to buy another skirt.
- C. She wants to change the yellow skirt for a blue one.

2. What's the woman's opinion about the school?

- A. It is a wrong decision.
- B. It should have been built.
- C. It will take a long time.

3. What can we infer from the dialogue?

- A. There isn't any ticket for the eighth.
- B. The man can only book a round trip ticket.
- C. The plane of the eighth has already set off.

4. What does Cathy like to do?

- A. To hire a gardener.
- B. To cut the grass.
- C. To take care of the flowers.

5. Why do both of them do shopping at 9 o'clock sharp?

- A. To run into each other.
- B. To avoid the crowds.
- C. To join the crowds.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,每小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6 至 7 题。

6. What do we know about the woman?

- A. She's been to Australia.
- B. She hasn't been to Australia.
- C. She can't wait for nice weather.

7. Where does the dialogue probably take place?

- A. In China.
- B. In Sydney.
- C. In Tasmania.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. Why does the man talk to the woman?

- A. He wants to get some suggestions from her.
- B. He wants to give her some advice.

C. He wants to invite her to spend a holiday with him.

9. Which is mentioned in the talk?

A. Mike had intended to travel with Celia this holiday.

B. Mike had wanted to go sightseeing with Miguel this holiday.

C. Celia had planned to go on a trip with Miguel this year.

10. Why does Mike feel it hard to make the decision to accept the invitation?

A. He has not enough money for the holiday.

B. He does not want to hurt Celia's feelings.

C. He does not like Miguel very much.

听第8段材料,回答第11至14题。

11. What is the woman waiting for?

A. She is waiting for the man.

B. She is waiting for her mother.

C. She is waiting for the bus.

12. According to the conversation, what is the weather usually like in Florida in March?

A. Cool.

B. Very hot.

C. Dry.

13. How often should the bus come to their stop?

A. Every twenty minutes.

B. Every thirty minutes.

C. Once a day.

14. Where has the man lived for ten years?

A. Florida.

B. New York.

C. California.

听第9段材料,回答第15至17题。

15. What's the relationship between the two speakers?

A. Mother and son.

B. Teacher and student.

C. Boss and employee.

16. What does the man think of his body?

A. Fat.

B. Thin.

C. Strong.

17. What's the woman doing?

A. Scolding the man for eating little.

B. Encouraging the man to eat more.

C. Teaching the man how to lose weight.

听第10段材料,回答第18至20题。

18. What nationality is the speaker?

A. Chinese.

B. American.

C. African.

19. What happened to the speaker?

A. He was hit by a car many times.

B. He was almost hit by a car many times.

C. He was never close to cars in the streets.

20. Why does the speaker think traffic in China(Beijing) is a surprise to him?

A. There are too many cars, buses and bikes.

B. The streets are too narrow for the traffic.

C. Many people care little about traffic laws.

第二部分:英语知识运用(共两节,满分45分)

第一节:语法和词汇知识(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

21. Don't mention that at the beginning of the story, or it may _____ the shocking ending.

A. give away

B. give out

C. give up

D. give off

22. When we saw the sun _____ above the surface of the sea, the students let out a cry of joy.

A. to raise

B. to rise

C. raising

D. rising

23. At this time tomorrow _____ over the Atlantic.

A. we're going to fly

B. we'll be flying

C. we'll fly

D. we're to fly

24. A _____ will be offered to information leading to the rest of the bank robber.

A. price

B. cost

C. reward

D. profit

25. —Your phone number again? I _____ quite catch it.

—It's 010-88780000.

A. didn't

B. couldn't

C. don't

D. can't

26. If this dictionary is not yours, _____ can it be?
 A. what else B. who else C. which else's D. who else's
27. _____ can you expect to get a pay rise.
 A. With hard work B. Although work hard
 C. Only with hard work D. Now that he works hard
28. Paper money was in _____ use in China when Marco Polo visited the country in _____ thirteenth century.
 A. the;/ B. the;the C. /;the D. /;/
29. Professor White has written some short stories, but he is _____ known for his plays.
 A. the best B. more C. better D. the most
30. —Alice, you didn't come yesterday?
 —Yes, I _____, but an unexpected visitor came to see me.
 A. had B. would C. was going to D. did
31. —Have a nice weekend!
 —_____.
 A. The same to you B. You do too C. The same as you D. You have it to
32. _____ we can't get seems better than _____ we have.
 A. What;what B. What;that C. That;that D. That;what
33. If you want to change for a double room you'll have to pay 20 _____ dollars.
 A. another B. other C. more D. each
34. The lion is considered to be the king of the forest as it is a(n) _____ of courage.
 A. sign B. mark C. example D. symbol
35. New York, _____ I visited last year, is a nice old city.
 A. that B. which C. where D. in which

第二节:完形填空(共20小题;每小题1.5分,满分30分)

Are You Happy... Really Happy?

I read a very interesting article in *USA TODAY* last month. It was on the front 36 of the newspaper, and it was titled "*What Makes People Happy*". Since happiness is something that 37 me very much, I couldn't help but 38 on. In a nutshell, the article stated the following: "The 39 people surround themselves with family and 40, don't care about keeping up with the Joneses next door, 41 themselves in daily activities and, most importantly, forgive easily." This is according 42 new research by University of Pennsylvania psychologist Martin E. P. Seligman. This is a new movement that emphasizes a person's strengths and talents instead of their 43. I love the idea of focusing on strengths and talents as opposed to shortcomings and weaknesses. This article was particularly 44 to me, because it appeared in December — when happiness is often tied to the giving and receiving of 45. However, as we all know, that doesn't 46 happiness. According to Diener, even rich materialists aren't as happy as those who care 47 about getting and spending. So, happiness doesn't seem to be attached to 48 and things. That was really 49 great revelation(发现) to me. Happiness is a state of being, not a state of 50. According to a Claremont University psychologist, "Life 51 occurs most often when people are 52 in absorbing activities that 53 them to forget themselves, 54 track of time and stop 55."

36. A. paper B. face C. page D. cover
37. A. troubles B. interrupts C. puzzles D. interests
38. A. to read B. read C. reading D. reads
39. A. happiest B. funniest C. saddest D. worst
40. A. enemies B. friends C. class D. parents
41. A. lose B. loss C. bury D. hide
42. A. in B. to C. on D. of
43. A. power B. strengths C. abilities D. weaknesses
44. A. interested B. interesting C. puzzling D. puzzled
45. A. things B. greetings C. happiness D. gifts
46. A. exist B. include C. contain D. mean
47. A. more B. less C. little D. much

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|
| 48. A. dollars | B. coins | C. pounds | D. money |
| 49. A. not | B. no | C. a | D. the |
| 50. A. money | B. gift | C. knowledge | D. wealth |
| 51. A. satisfaction | B. interest | C. satisfying | D. interesting |
| 52. A. busy | B. engaged | C. succeeded | D. addicted |
| 53. A. make | B. cause | C. seek | D. have |
| 54. A. find | B. get | C. lose | D. miss |
| 55. A. to worry | B. worrying | C. being sad | D. to be sad |

第三部分：阅读理解(共20小题；每小题2分，满分40分)

A

Edinburgh is the capital city of Scotland, and has long been a favourite destination of tourists from all over the world, as well as an important cultural and political center.

With its museums, shops, wonderful historic castles, and many pubs and restaurants, there are many things for visitors to enjoy all year round. And of course, as it is in Scotland, there is a wide range of whiskies to try!

However, there is more to Edinburgh than historic monuments and tourism. Each year, the Edinburgh Festival takes place in the city. In late summer, for three weeks, the festival presents classical music, theatre, opera and dance at six major theatres and concert halls — and several smaller ones — throughout the city. Whatever your cultural tastes are, you are sure to find something to enjoy.

Local talent are always represented at the Edinburgh Festival giving Scottish composers and playwrights the opportunity to showcase their works and gain recognition(认可) from a wider audience.

In addition, orchestras(管弦乐队) and theatre companies come from all over the world want to perform at the prestigious(有声望的) festival. Last year people saw the arrival of orchestras from the United States and Germany.

The festival has now become an important part of Scotland's economy as well as its culture. Last year's festival generated over £ 130 million expenditure(开支) in Edinburgh alone, and across Scotland nearly 2,900 jobs exist as a direct result of the festival.

The festival is so popular that it has become, in some way, a victim(牺牲者) of its own success. The huge interest in performing there leads to the setting up of a rival festival, the Edinburgh Fringe Festival. Fortunately, demand for live entertainment during the summer is so great that both festivals continue to thrive(繁荣).

The Fringe tends to feature mostly comedy and experimental works. Yet it can lead to great things — many famous and successful comedians and artists, such as Rowan Atkinson, better known as TV's Mr Bean, started their careers in small venues at the Fringe.

56. What does the underlined sentence "...there is more to Edinburgh than historic monuments and tourism." mean?
- A. There are more historic monuments and tourism.
 B. There are fewer historic monuments and tourism.
 C. People can see many historic monuments and tourism.
 D. Edinburgh is not only for its historic monuments, but also for many other things.
57. Why are there two festivals, the Edinburgh Festival and the Edinburgh Fringe Festival?
- A. Because people there need them.
 B. Because of the huge interest in performing there.
 C. Because one is not enough.
 D. Because the government require them.
58. How many theatres and concert halls are there in Edinburgh?
- A. Five. B. Six. C. Less than six. D. More than six.
59. What has become an important part of Scotland's economy?
- A. The Edinburgh Festival. B. The local talent.
 C. The festival and its culture. D. The orchestras.

B

To get a good mark in examinations has been regarded as being most important for a student, and it is also what parents always expect their children to do. But is it enough? These days increasing attention has been paid in schools across the country to what is called quality education. It means that a student, apart from doing well in exams, should develop his skills in other ways so as to turn himself into a qualified graduate for modernization of the motherland.

Quality education, said Xing Jizu, Party Secretary of the Education Bureau of downtown Hongkou District Shanghai, aims to help students to gain a high moral standard, a strong sense of patriotism(爱国精神), a strong wish for learning, as well as a normal mind and body.

"We need reforms(改革) to achieve our goal for quality education," Mr. Xing told SSP. He also outlined what they had planned.

Xing said that return of Hong Kong to the mainland in July, 1997, for example, was regarded as a very good chance for the education advances. A lot of related activities were organized at all the schools in Hongkou.

Besides, all schools in the district were advised to set up after-class art or science groups. A students' art festival is to be held in each school every year.

As for physical education, every student is required to have at least one hour of exercise a day. Every year, a sports meet will take place at each school.

Besides, various kinds of after-school activities will be organized to help develop the students' practical and social abilities.

"What we are doing is by no means to weaken the importance of the regular classroom teaching or exam results," Xing pointed out, "instead, we hope that through quality education, students can learn more, in less time, in an easier way. Only in this way can we bring up children fit for the bright future of China."

60. The writer thinks that a good mark in examination has been regarded as most important for a student is _____.

- A. completely right
- B. one-sided
- C. completely wrong
- D. only a single standard for a good student

61. The word "outlined" (para. 3) means to _____.

- A. give main points of
- B. tell something about education
- C. answer some questions of
- D. draw a picture of

62. In the text, quality education is really that _____.

- A. every student gets development in all sides
- B. it is all right for a student to get a good mark
- C. it is all right for a student to get a single skill
- D. it is impossible that a student can develop on all sides

63. The text tells us that _____.

- A. quality education is a must in schools
- B. politics must be put in the first place
- C. students should be able to hear hardships and stand hard work
- D. it is never late to learn

C

What is the most important day of your life? For many people the answer is your Wedding Day — the day when you marry another person and promise to live together as husband and wife for the rest of your lives.

Wedding celebrations differ from country to country — in China the bride wears red whilst; in India the wedding can continue for three days. However, in Britain the bride wears white and wedding usually only lasts for one day.

In the UK it is possible to get married in a religious or civil ceremony. A religious ceremony takes place in a church. A civil ceremony, on the other hand, can be held in a registry office, in a hotel, or even on a boat!

On the day of the wedding the bride and groom are kept separate until the ceremony. It is said to be bad luck if the groom sees the bride in her dress before the wedding.

The bride arrives at the ceremony accompanied by her father and bridesmaids. They officially gives her away to her new husband. During the ceremony the happy couple exchange vows and give each other wedding rings which they will wear forever. At the end of the ceremony they kiss.

Afterwards they go outside where friends and family throw rice or confetti(婚礼中抛撒的五彩纸屑) over them. Then they go on to the reception where there is a lot of food and drink. After the meal the father of the bride and the best man (男傧相, 伴郎) make speeches. Then the bride and groom take the first dance. It's a lot of fun.

Finally, at the end of the party the newly-weds leave to go on honeymoon, usually to a very romantic destination.

64. What function is the first two paragraphs?

- A. To tell us that we have most important day in our life.
- B. To tell us that Wedding Day is the day when you marry another person and promise to live together.

- C. To attract readers' attention to the topic — weddings in Britain.
 D. To tell us that people hold weddings.
65. What does the underlined word "newly-weds" (para. 7) mean?
 A. The newly-married couple. B. The bride. C. The bridegroom. D. The best man.
66. What can we infer from the passage?
 A. Wedding celebrations differ from country to country.
 B. In Britain the bride wears white.
 C. People all over the world pay a great deal attention to Wedding Day.
 D. In India the wedding can continue for three days.
67. Which of the following statements is NOT true?
 A. People in Britain usually get married in a religious or civil ceremony.
 B. On the wedding day, the bridegroom can't see the bride in her dress.
 C. The bride's father will give her away to the bridegroom.
 D. The bride and the bridegroom will take the first dance.

D

Crude oil prices surged past an unprecedented \$ 55 per barrel Monday as uncertainty swirls over production, high demand and tight global supplies.

Crude oil prices for November delivery on the New York Mercantile Exchange hit \$ 55.33 per barrel around noon in Asia, up 40 cents from its Friday settlement price.

The prices are the highest in a generation and while oil is more than 70 percent higher than a year ago, they are still around \$ 25 below the peak inflation — adjusted price reached in 1981.

Crude oil prices have skyrocketed(急升,剧增) more than \$ 10 in the past month, primarily over production delays in the Gulf of Mexico, where Hurricane Ivan hit mid-September.

Now that the \$ 55 barrier has been surpassed, analysts are looking toward \$ 60 a barrel, with some saying it may reach that mark by the end of the year smack in the middle of the northern hemisphere winter.

"We hit the new milestone and we're looking at \$ 60," said Victor Shum, oil analyst at Texas — headquartered energy consultants Purvin & Gertz. " \$ 60 is certainly feasible."

Declines in U. S. distillate stocks just before the Northern Hemisphere winter are the latest in a line of supply factors to rattle the market.

The U. S. Energy Department said in its weekly petroleum supply report last week that commercially available supplies of heating oil declined by 1.2 million barrels for the week ending Oct. 8, falling to 50.0 million barrels, or 10 percent below year-ago levels.

Diesel and kerosene are used for heating oil. Demand for jet fuel kerosene with additives also rises in the winter as flights increase during the Christmas season.

In the Gulf of Mexico, over 20 million barrels of crude oil remain shut in as recovery efforts continue to get production levels back to normal, the U. S. federal Minerals Management Service said on its Web Site.

68. What was the price of the crude oil on Friday?
 A. \$ 55.33 per barrel. B. \$ 56 per barrel.
 C. \$ 54.93 per barrel. D. \$ 55 per barrel.
69. Which of the following statements is true according to the passage?
 A. Now the price of the crude oil has reached the peak price in history.
 B. The crude oil price has reached \$ 56 per barrel.
 C. Diesel and kerosene are not used for heating oil.
 D. Crude oil prices have skyrocketed more than \$ 10 because of Hurricane Ivan hit mid-September.
70. Why does the demand for jet fuel kerosene with additives also rise in the winter?
 A. Because in winter planes need more oil.
 B. Because there will be more flights during the Christmas season.
 C. Because people use more oil for heating.
 D. Because oil production is delayed by cold weather.
71. What does the sentence "We hit the new milestone and we're looking at \$ 60" (para. 6) mean?
 A. The oil price will reach \$ 60 per barrel soon.

- B. The oil price has reached \$ 60 per barrel.
- C. The oil price will never reach \$ 60 per barrel.
- D. The oil price will remain the same.

E

Fly Fishing in Central Virginia and The Blue Ridge Mountains

Learn how to fly fish or spend the day fishing with a professional guide on some of Virginia's premier trout(鱒鱼) streams and small mouth rivers. The OWLS program offers lessons in Fly Fishing including: equipment selection, casting, advanced casting, knot tying, fly selection, and streamside tactics (methods).

Whether you are a beginner or an expert, the OWLS program has something for all levels and is sure to challenge your abilities. Half day and full day lessons are being offered, but space is limited so sign up early to guarantee a spot.

Private lessons are also available.

You can also spend the day with a professional guide on some of Virginia's premier trout streams and small mouth waters. Whether it's brook trout sipping caddies flies on a cool spring afternoon or the explosion of a small mouth breaking the surface to capture a dragon fly in flight, you'll be sure to come back again for the ones that got away. Rest assured, not too many get away from our guides.

Time: 9 AM Year Round

Place: Rivers and Lakes of central Virginia

Age: 12 and older

Cost: Call for Pricing

Reservation: Required

Provided: Lunch and all Equipment

Contact: Virginia Office 434-325-8166

Course Meets at Wintergreen Resort or The Boars Head

Fly Fishing in Patagonia, with OWLS and Fly Fishing La Patagonia

Come and experience the clean and fresh beauty of Patagonia, Argentina with Fly Fishing Patagonia and OWLS. We specialize in guiding anglers(垂钓者) on their quest for the wild trouts of Argentina: powerful rainbows, incredible browns, and large brooks. With four lodges and over 25 different bodies of water, we can design a variety of fly-fishing adventures to accommodate your favorite style of fishing and ensure the best success for your Argentine vacation. A week with us is not just a rare fishing experience; it is also a chance for anglers and non-anglers alike to see some of the most beautiful and intact natural areas that South America has to offer.

You will be surprised at the crystal clear lakes and rivers and the surrounding majestic Andes Mountains. More than any other outfitter(全套设备), we offer the most fulfilling taste of Patagonia.

Your payment will include all expenses such as lodging, meals, ground transportation, guides and Internet access from the time you arrive in Bariloche to the time you depart from us at the airport. The only exceptions will include your personal purchases, tips and recommended travel insurance.

Time: Winter of 2005

Place: South America

Cost: Call for current pricing and Airfare

Reservation: Required by August 31, 2004

Provided: All Equipment Lodging and Meals

Contact: Montana Office 406-920-2808

72. Which of the following statements is true according to the passage?
- A. If you are an expert in fishing, you can't take part in the Fly Fishing in Central Virginia and The Blue Ridge Mountains.
 - B. If you take part in the Fly Fishing in Patagonia, you can stay in the three lodges.
 - C. You can spend the day fishing with a professional guide on some of Virginia's premier trout streams and small mouth rivers.
 - D. If you want to take part in the Fly Fishing in Patagonia, you have to take your fishing equipment with you.
73. If you want to take part in the Fly Fishing in Central Virginia and The Blue Ridge Mountains, you _____.
- A. needn't take your lunch and equipment
 - B. should be adults

- C. can contact Montana Office 406-920-2808
 D. can come only at nine o'clock on Saturdays
74. If you take part in the Fly Fishing in Patagonia, you have to pay _____.
- A. lodging, meals, ground transportation
 B. meals, ground transportation, guides and Internet access
 C. lodging, meals, ground transportation, guides and Internet access and personal purchases, tips and recommended travel insurance
 D. lodging, meals, ground transportation, guides and Internet access and your flight fare
75. From the above, we can infer _____.
- A. Fly Fishing in Central Virginia and The Blue Ridge Mountains offers half day and full day lessons
 B. Fly Fishing in Patagonia lasts for seven days
 C. if you want to take part in the Fly Fishing in Patagonia, you should contact Montana Office 406-920-2808
 D. private lessons are available if you take part in Fly Fishing in Central Virginia and The Blue Ridge Mountains

第 II 卷(共 35 分)

第四部分:写作(共两节,满分 35 分)

第一节:短文改错(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

此题要求改正所给短文中的错误。对标有题号的每一行作出判断:如无错误,在该行右边横线上画一个勾(√);如有错误(每行只有一个错误),则按下列情况改正:

此行多一个词:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉,在该行右边横线上写出该词,并用斜线划掉。

此行缺一个词:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(Λ),在该行右边横线上写出该加的词。

此行错一个词:在错的词下划一横线,在该行右边横线上写出改正后的词。

注意:原行没有错的不要改。

- The other day my brother and I went to the cinema 76. _____
 on bike. My brother was riding with me sitting on the seat 77. _____
 behind. As we came to the crossing a young man and 78. _____
 a girl came up and stopped us, "We found you," 79. _____
 they said. But we didn't know of them. Pointing 80. _____
 to a police not far away, the young man explained, 81. _____
 "He stopped us half hour ago and made us catch the 82. _____
 next offender(违规者). So come on, stand here. Hope 83. _____
 you won't wait as long as we do. Good luck." 84. _____
 With these words, he left happy with that girl. 85. _____

第二节:书面表达(满分 25 分)

随着人们生活水平的提高,越来越多的人拥有私家车。请你从下面表格中所给的两个题目中任选一个,用英语写一篇议论文,简述你的观点。

车是有用的工具!	禁止用车!
方便,舒适,快速,省时,可以自由地出去转转	太贵,难找停车场所,需要维修,上班高峰时车速慢,容易导致污染和交通事故

1. 词数:100 左右;

2. 开头已为你写好,不计入总词数。

As the standard of living is getting higher, more and more people are buying cars. _____